

Version No.: FDJ1905

## FinePure Universal Genomic DNA Extraction Kit

(Spin Column)

Catalog No.: D202

### Product content:

Contents	D202-01 (50 preps)	D202-02 (200 preps)
Buffer DA	15 ml	50 ml
Buffer DLT	15 ml	50 ml
Buffer DW1	13 ml	52 ml
Buffer DW2	12 ml	50 ml
Buffer EB	15 ml	60 ml
Proteinase K	1.2 ml	4×1.2 ml
FineBind DNA Spin Columns	50 pcs	4×50 pcs
2 ml Collection Tubes	50 pcs	4×50 pcs
1.5 ml Microcentrifuge Tubes	50 pcs	4×50 pcs

### Storage:

All the buffers can be stored dry at room temperature (15-25°C) for up to 12 months. Please check whether there is crystallization or precipitate in Buffer DA and Buffer DLT before use. If any, please re-dissolve Buffer DA and Buffer DLT in a 37°C water bath.

**This product is for scientific research only. Do not use in medicine, clinical treatment, food and cosmetics and other purposes.**

## Introduction:

This kit is suitable for quick and simple genomic DNA extraction from various samples including blood, cells and tissues. The spin column is made of new type silica membrane which can bind DNA optimally on given salt and pH conditions. The extraction process does not require phenol-chloroform extraction. The residual protein, salt and other impurities are removed through rapid and sufficient washing steps.

The extracted genomic DNA has large fragments, high purity, and good stability. It can be directly used for PCR, enzyme digestion and hybridization experiments.

## Precautions:

1. The sample should avoid repeated freezing and thawing, otherwise the extracted DNA fragments will get smaller and the DNA yield will decrease.
2. Before the first use, add absolute ethanol to Buffer DW1 and Buffer DW2 indicated on bottle the label.

## Operation Steps:

**Before use, add anhydrous ethanol to Buffer DW1 and Buffer DW2 indicated on the bottle label.**

1. Processing the sample:
  - a. Mammalian blood: 200  $\mu$ l of fresh or anticoagulated blood can proceed the next steps directly. if the blood is less than 200 $\mu$ l, adjust the blood sample volume to 200 $\mu$ l by adding buffer DA;
  - b. If the sample is blood from poultry, birds or amphibians, of which red blood cells have nucleolus, the sample amount should be reduced to 5-20  $\mu$ l and adjust the volume to 200  $\mu$ l by adding Buffer DA.

- c. Cultured cells: collect about  $1 \times 10^5$ - $10^6$  suspended cells into a 1.5 ml microcentrifuge tube; for adherent cells, trypsinization and pipetting should be used firstly, and then centrifuge at 12,000 rpm for 1 min, discard the supernatant, add 200  $\mu$ l Buffer DA to the cell pellet, and shake to completely resuspend
- d. Animal tissue: weigh 25 mg (spleen < 10 mg). The animal tissue is ground into fine powder in liquid nitrogen or cut into small pieces with a scalpel, and transferred into a 1.5 ml microcentrifuge tube pre-filled with 180  $\mu$ l Buffer DA.
- e. Bacteria: Take 1-5 ml of culture cells, centrifuge at 12,000 rpm for 1 min to collect the bacteria cells, and discard the supernatant as much as possible.
- (1). For gram-negative bacteria: add 200  $\mu$ l Buffer DA to the bacterial pellet, and shake it until the pellet is completely resuspended.
- (2). For Gram-positive bacteria: Resuspend in 0.6 ml lysate (preparation of lysate: 30 ml ultrapure water + 600 mg lysozyme (provided by the customer). Divide them into small tubes and keep them at  $-20^\circ\text{C}$  for long-term storage), mix well by inverting the tubes 5-10 times and incubate at  $37^\circ\text{C}$  for at least 30 min (some Gram-positive bacteria may take longer time).
- f. Yeast cells:
- (1). Take yeast cells (up to  $5 \times 10^7$  cells), centrifuge at 12,000 rpm for 1 min, and remove the supernatant as much as possible (for more cultured yeast cells solution, collect the yeast cells pellets by several centrifugation into one centrifuge tube).
- (2). Destruction of yeast cell wall:

Add 600 µl Sorbitol buffer and about 50 U Lyticase (provided by the customer) to the cells, and mix thoroughly. Incubation at 30°C for 30 min. Centrifuge at 4,000 rpm for 10 min, discard the supernatant, and collect the precipitate.

**Note: the Lyticase dosage described as above for  $5 \times 10^7$  yeast cells.**

**According to the yeast strain and the number of yeast cells, the concentration of lyticase and incubation time can be adjusted appropriately.**

(3). Add 200 µl Buffer DA to resuspend the pellet and mix well.

2. **Optional steps:** If RNA-free genomic DNA is required, add 4 µl RNase A (100 mg/ml) solution (provided by the customer), shake it for 15 sec, and stay at room temperature for 5 min.
3. Add 20 µl Proteinase K ,mix well.
  - a. If the sample is blood or cells, add Proteinase K and mix well, then go to the next step.
  - b. If the sample is animal tissue, add Proteinase K, mix well by vortex. Incubate it at 56°C until the tissue is completely dissolved. Centrifuge briefly to collect the solution on the inner wall of the cap, and then go to the next step.

**Note: For different tissues, it usually takes 1–3 h to finish digestion (rat tail needs to be digested for 6-8 h, if necessary, digestion is done overnight), and it will not affect subsequent operations.**

4. Add 200 µl Buffer DLT, mix thoroughly by inverting the tube, incubate at 70°C for 10 min, and centrifuge briefly to collect the solution on the inner wall of the cap.

**Note: A white precipitate may be produced when Buffer DLT is added, which will generally disappear when incubated at 70°C and will not affect subsequent experiments.**

5. Add 200 µl of absolute ethanol, mix well (precipitation may occur at this point), transfer all the solution with precipitate to the FineBind DNA Spin Columns (the adsorption column is placed in the collection tube), and centrifuge at 12,000 rpm for 30 sec , Discard the flow-through, and put the adsorption column back into the collection tube.
6. Add 500 µl Buffer DW1 (**please add absolute ethanol before use**) to the adsorption column, centrifuge at 12,000 rpm for 30 sec, discard the flow-through, and put the adsorption column back into the collection tube
7. Add 500 µl Buffer DW2 (**please add absolute ethanol before use**) to the adsorption column, centrifuge at 12,000 rpm for 30 sec, discard the flow-through, and put the adsorption column back into the collection tube
8. Repeat step 7 once.
9. Centrifuge at 12,000 rpm for 3 minutes, discard the flow-through.
10. Transfer the adsorption column to a new 1.5 ml microcentrifuge tube, and add 60-200 µl BufferEB to the center area of the adsorption membrane. Stay at room temperature for 1 minutes, centrifuge at 12,000 rpm for 1 minutes, and collect the DNA solution in the centrifuge tube.

**Note: The volume of Buffer EB should not be less than 60µl, or it will affect the recovery efficiency. If ddH<sub>2</sub>O is used as eluet, make sure its pH value is between 7.0 and 8.5 (NaOH can be used to adjust the pH value of ddH<sub>2</sub>O**

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**to this range). Genomic DNA should be stored at -20°C to avoid degradation.**

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Symbols	Meanings
	Manufacturer
	Authorized representative in the European Community
	This product fulfills the requirements of the European Directive 98/79 EC for in vitro diagnostic medical devices.
	Catalogue number
	Batch code
	Date of manufacture
	Use-by date
 25°C 15°C	Temperature limite
	Consult instructions for use
	Keep dry
	Keep away from sunlight
	Contains sufficient for <n> tests
	Do not re-use
	Do not use if package is damaged



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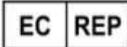
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